

Derivational Suffixes in The La La Land Movie

Ida Ayu Kartika Lestari¹, I Wayan Arka², I Nyoman Udayana³

Udayana University

E-mail: idaayukartikalestari2@gmail.com¹, wayan_arka@unud.ac.id², nyoman_uyayana@unud.ac.id³

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Abstract: *This study with the title Derivational Suffixes in La La Land Movie. This study aims to identifying the derivational suffixes and the functions of derivational suffixes in La La Land movie. Descriptive qualitative methods are used in this study to analyze the derivational suffixes and the functions of derivational suffixes in La La Land movie. The data was taken from the movie script of the La La Land movie. The data were collected using note taking method through, reading carefully, highlighting, and classifying the types and the function. The collected data was analyzed using qualitative method and explained descriptively. Tree diagram also used in this study in order to explain the data. This study applied the theory proposed by (Plag, 2002) in order to identify the derivational suffixes and also applied the theory proposed by (Bauer, 1983) in order to identify the functions of derivational suffixes. The results of this study show there were four types of derivational suffixes found. Those data can be divided into nominal suffixes, adjectival suffixes, adverbial suffixes, and verbal suffixes. Meanwhile for the functions, there are 2 kinds functions found in the data such as class-maintaining and class-changing.*

INTRODUCTIONS

Humans are a sociable species who which constantly in politics, interact, communicate, and depend on other humans, in other words, humans are creatures who cannot live alone and always need other humans. In interacting between humans with one another, of course, requires a medium, namely language. language is a thing that sounds despotic symbol system, or the system of so many systems, or could be a system of an order, or an order in the system (Mackey, 1986).

Morphology is one of the studies in language that studies words. According to (Rodman, 2011) Fromkin, and Hyams, the meaning of morphology is the study that concern into the word's internal structures, and the principles of word formation. Word is a combination of sounds, a speech sound, or its representation in writing, that able to communicate and symbolizes a meaning and can be composed by single morpheme or a combination morpheme. According to Srijino words are the smallest free forms in language. There are five categories of word that can including complex word, simple word, orthographic word, morphological word, and lexical word. Simple word is the word that consists of a single morpheme. Complex word is the word that

consists of two or even over than two morphemes. Orthographic word is the word that characterized punctuations and separated by space which view from a written language. Morphological words are the words that based on form, lexical word is the word that based in the dictionary as entry or lexeme.

Derivational is the one of the several types of word-formation. Nominal suffixes, adverbial suffixes, adjectival suffixes, and verbal suffixes are the types of derivational suffixes. According to (Yule, 2010) point of view process of word construction known as "derivational" is used to create new English words. Derivational suffix is the process which creates new words from a stem, usually by attaching a suffix into the stem. There is so many people discussed about this study. For example, (Putri, 2018) analyzed the derivational affixes in Justin Bieber's Purpose album. Next study was done by (Aryati, 2014) analyzed the derivatioal affixes in The Land of Five Towers Novel by A.Faudi. Another study with the same topic also done by (Vianey, 2021) analyzed the derivational affixes in Simple Plan's Taking One for The Team album. Based on the phenomenon this study will be focused on the types of derivational suffixes and the functions of derivational suffixes that used in La LaLand movie. The writer chooses La la land movie because this is the one of the best romantic drama movies. This study using theory proposed by Plag in analyzing the types of derivational suffixes and also using theory composed by Bauer in analyzing the functions of the derivational suffixes.

RESEARCH METHOD

In this study, the data will be analyzed used descriptive qualitative research method, and there are four steps in analyzing the album. In arranging this study, the writer decided used descriptive qualitative method because in this study, the writer used words, phrases, and sentences that was grabbed from La La Land movie in discussing the data. By using the descriptive qualitative method in this study, it helps writer to identifying and describing the data palpably.

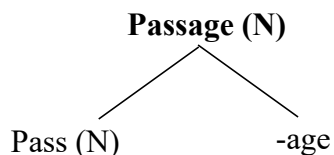
RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

In this chapter, derivational suffixes were discussed base on the concepts and theories in the previous chapter. Some examples of the derivational suffixes taken from the La La Land movie in order to illustrate those term.

Nominal Suffixes

Data 1

Sits back down, and plays the same *passage* over. (LLMS 2013: 11)



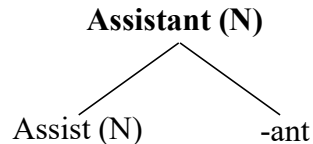
From the example above, the word with bold type is the word that contains derivational suffix -age which is example of derivational suffixes forming noun. The diagram clearly explain that the word passage consists of two morphemes, there are word *pass* as the base word and following by the derivational suffix *-age* after the base. The suffixation process begins when the

word 'pass' that is known as a noun attached by suffix -age which is a forming noun suffixes and becomes word 'passage' that belongs to 'noun'.

Functions of derivational suffixes: Class-maintaining
Passage (Noun) + /-age/ = Passage (Noun)

Data 2

to see that Mia's auditioning for a casting director and **assistant** (LLLMS 2013:4)



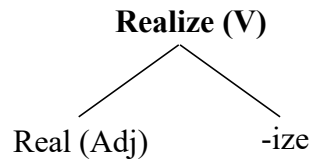
In data 2, the word with bold type is the word that contains derivational suffix -ant which is another example of derivational suffixes forming noun. The diagram clearly explain that the word assistant consists of two morphemes, there are word *assist* as the base word and following by the derivational suffix *-ant* after the base. The suffixation process begins when the word 'assist' that is known as a noun attached by suffix -ant which is a forming noun suffixes and becomes word 'assistant' that belongs to 'noun'.

Functions of derivational suffixes: Class-maintaining
Assist (Noun) + /-ant/ = Assistant (Noun)

Verbal Suffixes

Data 3

She didn't **realize** he was here. (LLLMS 2013:35)



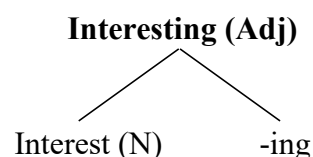
In the data 3, the word with bold type is the word that contains derivational suffix -ize which is example of derivational suffixes forming verb. In the diagram clearly explain that the word realize consists of two morphemes, there are word *real* as a base and following by the derivational suffix *-ize*. The suffixation process begins when the word 'real' that is known as an adjective attached by suffix -ize which is a forming verb suffixes and becomes word 'realize' that belongs to 'verb'.

Functions of derivational suffixes: Class-changing
Real (Adj) + /-ize/ = Realize (Verb)

Adjectival Suffixes

Data 4

But when people heard it, they thought, "Ah, what an **interesting** choice." (LLLMS 2013:60)

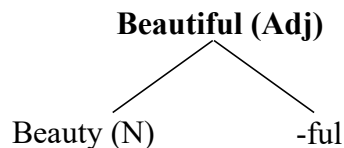


From the data 4, the word with bold type is the word that contains derivational suffix *-ing* which is an example of derivational suffixes forming adjective. In the diagram clearly explain that the word *interesting* consists of two morphemes, there are word *interest* as the base and following by the derivational suffix *-ing*. The suffixation process begins when the word ‘interest’ that is known as a noun attached by suffix *-ing* and becomes word ‘interesting’ that belongs to ‘adjective’.

Functions of derivational suffixes: Class-changing
Interest (Noun) + *-ing/* = Interesting (Adj)

Data 5

Isn't it *beautiful*? (LLMS 2013:25)



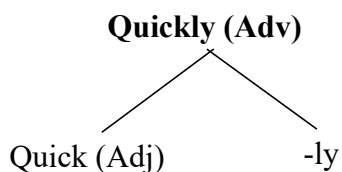
In the data 5, the word with bold type is the word that contains derivational suffix *-ful* which is another example of derivational suffixes that forming adjective. In the diagram clearly explain that the word *beautiful* consists of two morphemes, there are word *beauty* as a base and following by the derivational suffix *-ful*. The suffixation process begins when the word ‘beauty’ that is known as a noun attached by suffix *-ful* and becomes word ‘beautiful’ that belongs to ‘adjective’.

Functions of derivational suffixes: Class-changing
Beauty (Noun) + *-ful/* = Beautiful (Adj)

Adverbial Suffixes

Data 6

She *quickly* slips on clothes, grabs a yogurt, and heads out. (LLMS 2013:49)



In data 6, the word with bold type is the word that contains derivational suffix *-ly* which is an example of derivational suffixes forming adverb. In the diagram clearly explain that the word *quickly* consists of two morphemes, there are word *quick* as a base and following by the derivational suffix *-ly*. The suffixation process begins when the word ‘quick’ that is known as an adjective attached by suffix *-ly* and becomes word ‘quickly’ that belongs to ‘adverb’.

Functions of derivational suffixes: Class-changing
Quick (Adj) + *-ly/* = Quickly (Adv)

CONCLUSION

Based on the analysis the types of derivational suffixes that found in the La La Land movie can be divided into 4 including nominal suffixes -age, -ant, adjectival suffixes -ing, -ful, adverbial suffixes, -ly and verbal suffixes, -ize. All of those suffixes have their own functions, but basically there are two functions of derivational suffixes, those are class-changing and class-maintaining. According to the data, the class-changing is creating new words by modifying the meaning and the word-class categories including noun-to-adjective, adjective-to-verb, adjective-to-adverb. For the class-maintaining is creating new word by modifying the meaning without changing the word category of the base such as noun-to-noun.

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